

❖ **Two very distinct motivations for cylindrical MPGD R&D for EIC detector:**

1. a single cylindrical  $\mu$ RWELL layer directly in front of (and behind) the DIRC subdetector
  - ❖ Provide precise directional information to help seed the DIRC Cherenkov ring reconstruction
  - ❖ Tracking layer needed in all 3 EIC detector concepts (**ECCE, CORE & ATHENA-all-Si**)
  - ❖ Less stringent requirement for low mass detector (thickness > 0.5% r.l. is OK)
2. several cylindrical Micromegas (MM) detector layers to create a central barrel tracker
  - ❖ This is a MPGD of choice for the **ATHENA-Hybrid Tracking** subdetector in the barrel region
  - ❖ Development of low mass detector (< 0.5% r.l.) is critical.

❖ **Different applications & different R&D focus**

- ❖ We want to emphasize that our R&D program targets two different applications for these two subdetectors
- ❖ The R&D focus mean that the two technologies are not to be considered interchangeable
- ❖ Both R&D projects share common goal for development / optimization of 2D readout patterns for MPGDs.

## ❖ Motivation:

- ❖ Impact position and directional information needed to seed the DIRC ring reconstruction.
  - ❖ Cylindrical  $\mu$ RWELL is the technology of choice as tracking layer in front of the DIRC
  - ❖ Aim at 1 mrad resolution at DIRC entrance point combined with central tracker
- ❖ Tracking layer required for all 3 current EIC detectors (**ECCE, ATHENA all-Si & CORE**)

## ❖ Objectives:

- ❖ Demonstrate with a small prototype that cylindrical  $\mu$ RWELL can be built and operated

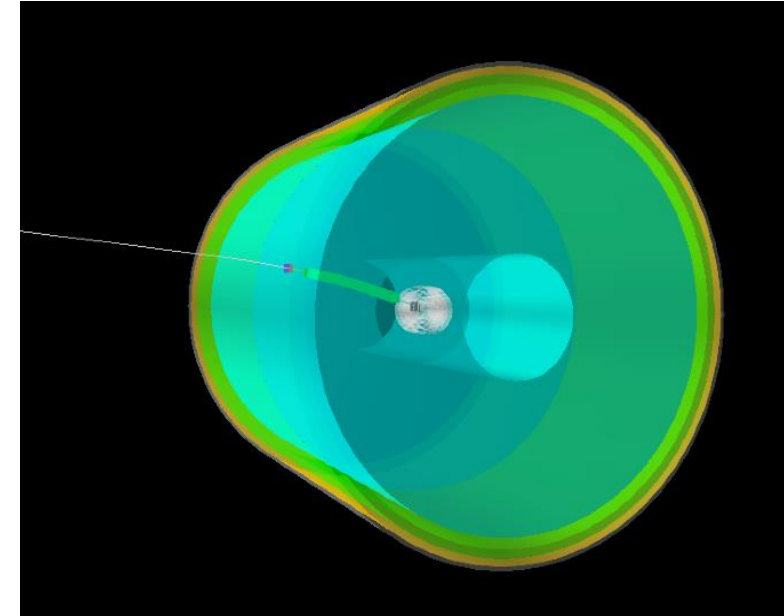
## ❖ R&D Plans for FY2022 & FY2023:

- ❖ Design and fabrication of the mechanics of the cylindrical  $\mu$ RWELL prototype (**FY2022**)
- ❖ Design and procurement of the  $\mu$ RWELL amplification & readout composite foil (**FY2022**)
- ❖ Acquisition of small size VMM3a-SRS readout electronic (**FY2022**)
- ❖ Characterization of the prototype with X-Ray at BNL and in beam at FNAL (**2023**)

## ❖ Institutions involved in Cylindrical $\mu$ RWELL for DIRC:

- ❖ **FIT**: Mechanical structure of the cylindrical  $\mu$ RWELL
- ❖ **UVa**:  $\mu$ RWELL amplification & capacitive-sharing 2D strip readout
- ❖ **BNL**:  $\mu$ RWELL amplification & 2D zigzag readout structure
- ❖ **TU**: VMM3a-SRS readout for cylindrical  $\mu$ RWELL prototype

## Fast tracking layer for DIRC reco.



## ❖ Budget Request for Cylindrical $\mu$ RWELL

This a combined funding request from BNL, FIT, TU & UVa for Cylindrical  $\mu$ RWELL

❖ FY2022: **\$157,305**

❖ FY2023: **\$180,425**

# Cylindrical $\mu$ RWELL: R&D @ UVa

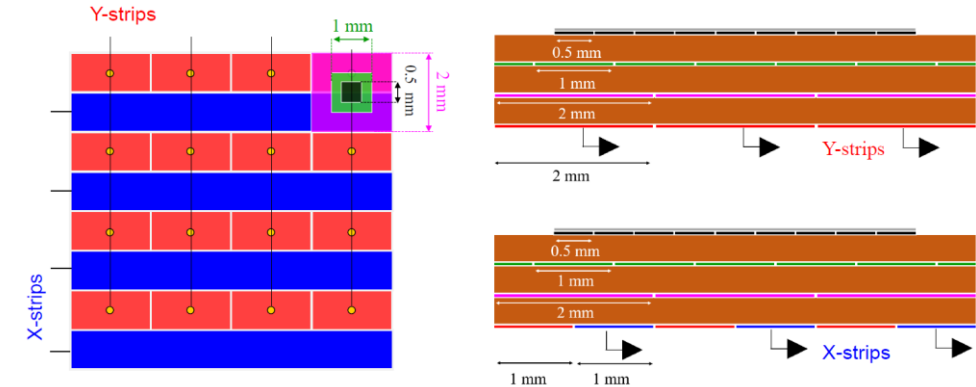
## ❖ Develop the composite $\mu$ RWELL readout foil:

- ❖ Design of composite  $\mu$ RWELL readout foil collaboration with FIT, TU & BNL.
- ❖ Combines  $\mu$ RWELL amplification device with capacitive-sharing 2D strip readout structure (1 mm - 2 mm pitch) into single  $\mu$ RWELL readout foil.
- ❖ Explore “diagonal, 90-degree, **U-V**” strip or CLAS12 MVT **C-Z** strip configuration for the cylindrical geometry.
- ❖ Procure the parts from CERN and perform initial quality control test before assembly into cylindrical mechanical at FIT
- ❖ Participate in the joint beam test of the prototype at BNL & FNAL in 2023

## ❖ Person-power required and available

- ❖ FY2022: UVa Research Scientist (K. Gnanvo, unfunded),  
UVa graduate student (TBD, 25% FTE)
- ❖ FY2023: UVa Research Scientist (K. Gnanvo, unfunded),  
UVa graduate student (TBD, 25% FTE)

## Concept of capacitive-sharing strip readout



## UVa Budget Table

| UVa BUDGET DRAFT FY22 | Cyl. $\mu$ RWELL | Forward Tracker |
|-----------------------|------------------|-----------------|
|                       | \$15,000         | \$0             |
| Travel                | \$3,000          | \$2,000         |
| Materials             | \$14,000         | \$10,000        |
| overhad (26%)         | \$3,640          | \$2,600         |
| TOTAL                 | <b>\$35,640</b>  | <b>\$12,600</b> |
|                       |                  |                 |
| UVa BUDGET DRAFT FY23 | Cyl. $\mu$ RWELL | Forward Tracker |
| Graduate students     | \$15,000         | \$15,000        |
| Travel                | \$5,000          | \$5,000         |
| Materials             | \$3,000          | \$3,000         |
| overhad (26%)         | \$760            | \$760           |
| TOTAL                 | <b>\$23,760</b>  | <b>\$23,760</b> |

## ❖ Develop the composite $\mu$ RWELL readout foil:

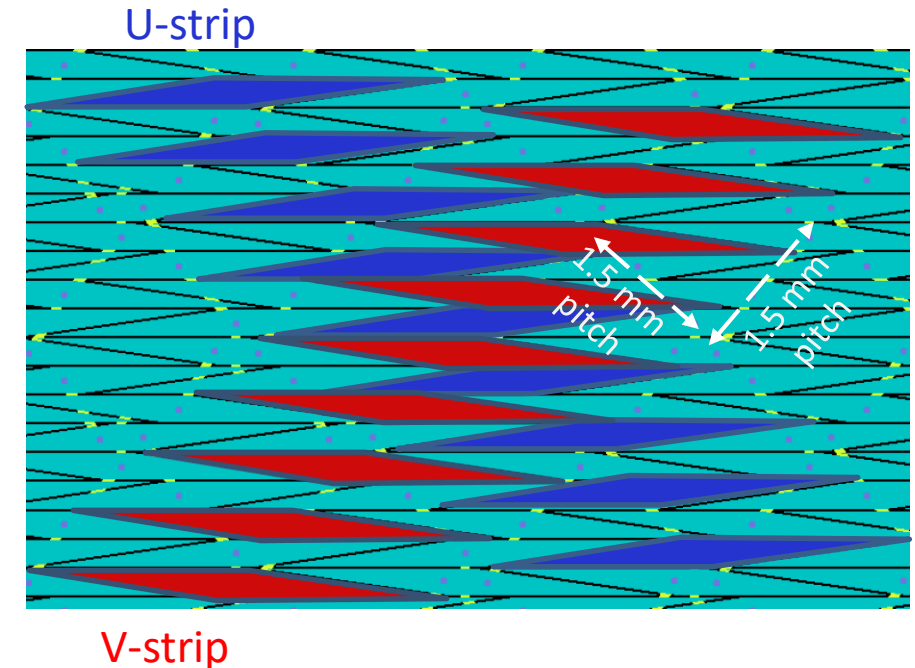
- ❖ Design of the  $\mu$ RWELL composite readout flex PCB in collaboration with CERN, FIT, TU and UVa
- ❖ Develop large scale charge-sharing 2D zigzag strip (pad) layout with 1.5 - 2.0 mm pitch for  $\mu$ RWELL readout foil
- ❖ Perform X-ray stand characterization of the devices at BNL
- ❖ Participate in the joint beam test at FNAL in summer 2023

## ❖ Small scale chamber characterized with X-ray gun:

- ❖ A single chemically etched kapton foil (CERN); quadruple GEM
- ❖ Spatial resolution for 1.5 mm pitch:  $\sim 70 \mu\text{m}$  in U&V **at once**
- ❖ Differential non-linearity  $< 50 \mu\text{m}$

## ❖ Person-power available part time

- ❖ BNL NPP Staff: B. Azmoun, A.Kiselev, M. Purschke, C. Woody



BNL eRD108 Budget table

| BNL BUDGET DRAFT               | FY22            | FY23            |
|--------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Materials ( $\mu$ Rwell board) | \$5,000         |                 |
| Technical support              | \$5,000         | \$4,000         |
| Travel (beam test in FY23)     | \$2,000         | \$7,000         |
|                                |                 |                 |
| <b>TOTAL CORE COSTS</b>        | <b>\$12,000</b> | <b>\$11,000</b> |

# Cylindrical $\mu$ RWELL: R&D @ FIT

## ❖ Design and fabrication of the mechanical support structure

- ❖ Design of mechanical structure in collaboration with BNL, TU & UVa.
- ❖ Investigate carbon fiber prepreg (CF) material for rigid but light support structure
- ❖  $\mu$ RWELL readout foil mounted in the outer side of one CF cylinder
- ❖ Drift cathode foil mounted in the inner side of a second concentric CF cylinder
  - ❖ Minimization of drift cathode support material
- ❖ Fabrication of the support structure and assembly of  $\mu$ RWELL readout foil (2022)
- ❖ Participate in the joint beam test campaign of the prototype at BNL & FNAL (2023)

## ❖ Person-power required and available

- ❖ FY2022: Faculty (M. Hohlmann, unfunded), FIT graduate student (Pietro Iapozzuto, 75% FTE).
- ❖ FY2023: Faculty (M. Hohlmann, unfunded), FIT graduate student (Pietro Iapozzuto, 75% FTE).

## FIT eRD108 Budget table

| FIT BUDGET DRAFT FY22            | Request         | Forward         | $\mu$ RWELL v4 9/9/21  |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------------|
| Graduate students                | \$32,000        | \$8,000         | \$24,000 Total         |
|                                  | \$10,000        | \$0             | \$10,000 Pietro S22    |
|                                  | \$10,000        | \$5,000         | \$5,000 Merrick S22    |
|                                  | \$6,000         | \$0             | \$6,000 Pietro Sum 22  |
|                                  | \$6,000         | \$3,000         | \$3,000 Merrick Sum 22 |
| Undergraduate students (1)       | \$3,000         | \$0             | \$3,000 Sum 22         |
| Travel                           | \$2,000         | \$0             | \$2,000                |
| Materials                        | \$8,500         | \$500           | \$8,000                |
| IDC base (Stud. & travel & mat.) | \$45,500        | \$8,500         | \$37,000               |
| IDC                              | \$20,415.85     | \$3,813.95      | \$16,601.90            |
| <b>TOTAL</b>                     | <b>\$65,916</b> | <b>\$12,314</b> | <b>\$53,602</b>        |
|                                  |                 |                 |                        |
| FIT BUDGET DRAFT FY23            | Request         | Forward         | $\mu$ RWELL            |
| Graduate students                | \$52,000        | \$26,000        | \$26,000 Total         |
|                                  | \$10,000        | \$0             | \$10,000 Pietro F22    |
|                                  | \$10,000        | \$0             | \$10,000 Pietro S23    |
|                                  | \$10,000        | \$10,000        | \$0 Merrick F22        |
|                                  | \$10,000        | \$10,000        | \$0 Merrick S23        |
|                                  | \$6,000         | \$0             | \$6,000 Pietro Sum 23  |
|                                  | \$6,000         | \$6,000         | \$0 Merrick Sum 23     |
| Undergraduate students (1)       | \$0             | \$0             | \$0 Sum 23             |
| Travel                           | \$9,000         | \$0             | \$9,000                |
| Materials                        | \$2,500         | \$500           | \$2,000                |
| IDC base (Stud. & travel & mat.) | \$63,500        | \$26,500        | \$37,000               |
| IDC                              | \$28,492.45     | \$11,890.55     | \$16,601.90            |
| <b>TOTAL</b>                     | <b>\$91,992</b> | <b>\$38,391</b> | <b>\$53,602</b>        |

## ❖ Design and commissioning of small scale VMM-SRS electronics and DAQ system

- ❖ Move beyond APV ASIC (no longer produced) to VMM ASIC which has attractive characteristics for  $\mu$ RWELL cylindrical tracker
- ❖ Collaborate with BNL, FIT & UVa as well as RD51 @ CERN to become trained and gain expertise in VMM-SRS
- ❖ Use VMM-SRS electronics already in hand (via UVa eRD6 purchase) to commission a small-scale system (2022)
- ❖ Procure and commission large scale VMM-SRS DAQ system to readout cylindrical  $\mu$ RWELL prototype (2023)
- ❖ Participate in the joint beam test campaign of the prototype at BNL & FNAL (2023)

## ❖ Person-power required and available

- ❖ FY2022: TU Research Scientist (M. Posik, unfunded), TU postdoc (50% FTE).
- ❖ FY2023: TU Research Scientist (M. Posik, unfunded), TU postdoc (50% FTE)

TU eRD108 Budget table

| TU BUDGET DRAFT (FY22)            | Percentage | Request  |
|-----------------------------------|------------|----------|
| Postdoc (TBD)                     | 50.00%     | \$28,184 |
| Fringe Benifit                    |            | \$7,187  |
| Total Personal                    |            | \$35,371 |
| Travel                            |            | \$0      |
| Materials                         |            | \$0      |
| Equipment                         |            | \$0      |
| Total (Personal. & travel & mat.) |            | \$35,371 |
| Overhead                          |            | \$20,692 |
| TOTAL                             |            | \$56,063 |
|                                   |            |          |
| TU BUDGET DRAFT (FY23)            | Percentage | Request  |
| Postdoc                           | 50.00%     | \$28,184 |
| Fringe Benifit                    |            | \$7,187  |
| Total Personal                    |            | \$35,371 |
| Travel                            |            | \$6,000  |
| Materials                         |            | \$0      |
| Equipment                         |            | \$30,000 |
| Total (Personal. & travel & mat.) |            | \$41,371 |
| Overhead                          |            | \$20,692 |
| TOTAL                             |            | \$92,063 |



# R&D on cylindrical Micromegas tracker



## Motivation

- Build a full (no acceptance gaps) light-weight modular Micromegas barrel tracker to complement the silicon vertex detector
- Take the existing tech from CLAS12 and upgrade it to be:
  - **Simpler construction** (i.e. one PCB to rule them all)
  - **2D readout** (resistive strip stack or 2D zigzag)
  - Even **lighter** (from  $\sim 0.4\%X_0$  to as low as  $0.07\%X_0$ )

## Objectives

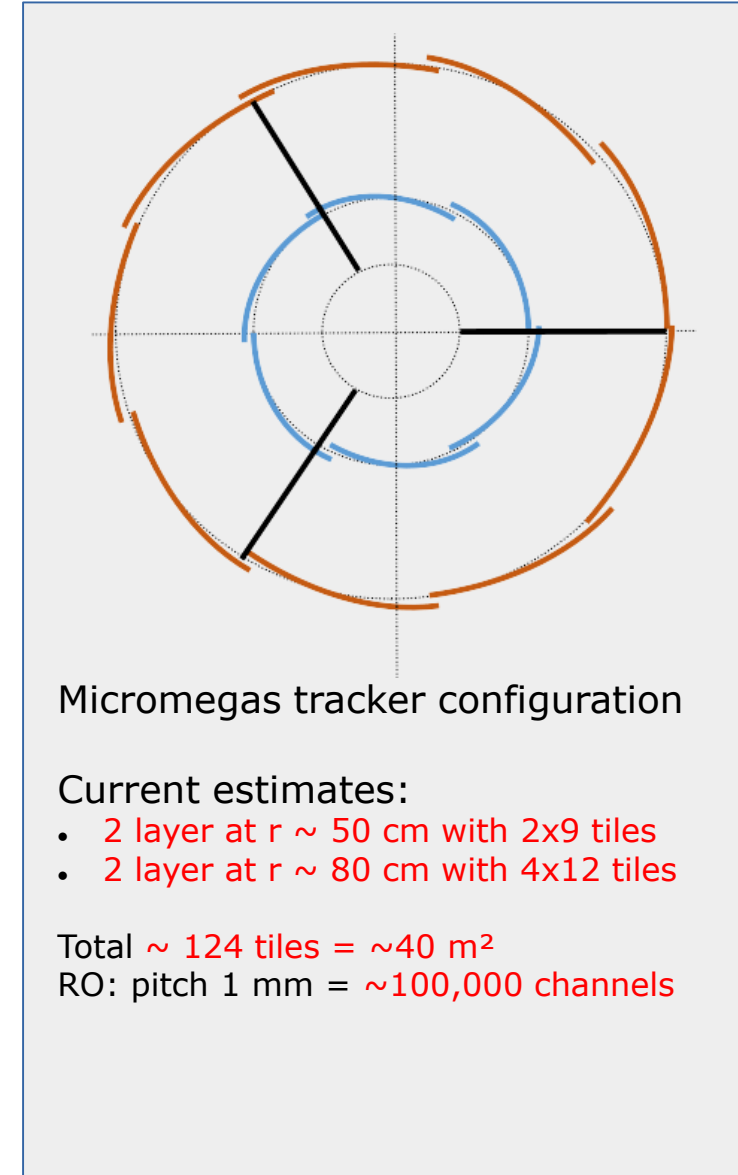
- FY22:
  - Optimization of the 2D readout to reach resolutions of  $\sim 150\mu\text{m}$  with the fewest possible number of channels on small prototypes
  - CAD design of the full-scale prototype
  - Build and test small demonstrators for ultra-low- $X_0$  solutions
- FY23:
  - Build a full scale prototype of a Micromegas tile ( $50 \times 70 \text{ cm}^2$ ) with the chosen 2D readout and test it

## Involved institutions

- CEA-Saclay: 2D readout design, bulking and building, cosmics and beam testing
- BNL: 2D zigzag readout design, X-Ray and beam testing

## Budget request

- FY22: \$36,000 (Saclay + BNL)
- FY23: \$43,500 (Saclay + BNL)



Micromegas tracker configuration

Current estimates:

- 2 layer at  $r \sim 50 \text{ cm}$  with  $2 \times 9$  tiles
- 2 layer at  $r \sim 80 \text{ cm}$  with  $4 \times 12$  tiles

Total  $\sim 124$  tiles =  $\sim 40 \text{ m}^2$

RO: pitch  $1 \text{ mm}$  =  $\sim 100,000$  channels

# 2D Multi stack @ Saclay



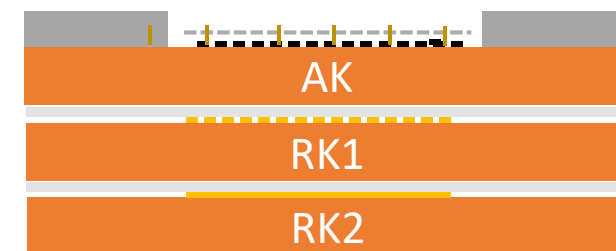
## Make resistive Amplification Kapton (AK)

- Diff. resistive value, strip shape
  - Strait & Zigzag strip, Plain surface
  - Diff. "grounding" with wasp waist
- In house serigraphy ~ 9 pattern /screen  
In house bulk with 4 pattern / mesh



## Use of different Readout Kapton (RK)

- Diff. strip pitch
- Strait strip, Zigzag strip, pixel,...
- Max 128 channel
- Purchase Kapton 4 patterns / foil
- Flexibility to integrate third party RK



## Assembly of different AK + RK1 + RK2

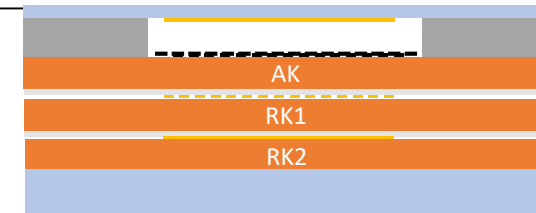
- One AK and two RK at 90°
- Diff. combination of AK & RK stack
- Low capacitance stack search
- In house press with frame
- In house full 3D mechanics

## Detector RD4

Active area on 10x10 cm<sup>2</sup>  
Kapton of 20x20 cm<sup>2</sup>  
128 channel, Floating mesh

## Characterization in FY22

- <sup>55</sup>Fe & Cosmic bench in Saclay with DREAM FEE
- Shipment to BNL for test with X-Ray gun
- Beam test at FNAL



| Saclay BUDGET DRAFT FY22 – 2D readout                    |                 |
|--|-----------------|
| Materials: <b>Readout Kapton, bulk and mechanics</b>     | <b>Request</b>  |
| Travel: <b>Beam test at FNAL</b>                         |                 |
| <b>Total</b>   | <b>\$16 000</b> |
|  |                 |
| Saclay BUDGET DRAFT FY23                                 |                 |
| Materials: <b>Construction of a full scale prototype</b> | <b>Request</b>  |
| Travel: <b>Beam test</b>                                 |                 |
| <b>Total</b>   | <b>\$36 000</b> |



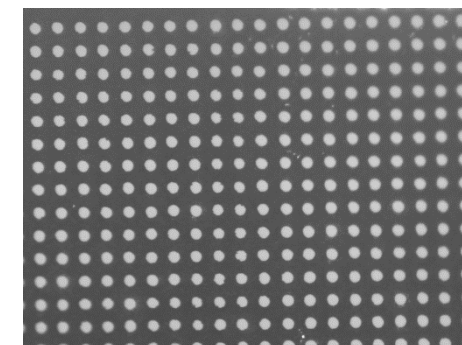
# R&D on ultra low X0 (remove FR4, Stainless Steel, Cu)



Goal: reach as low as **0.07% of X0**. Technology of interest not only for barrel applications

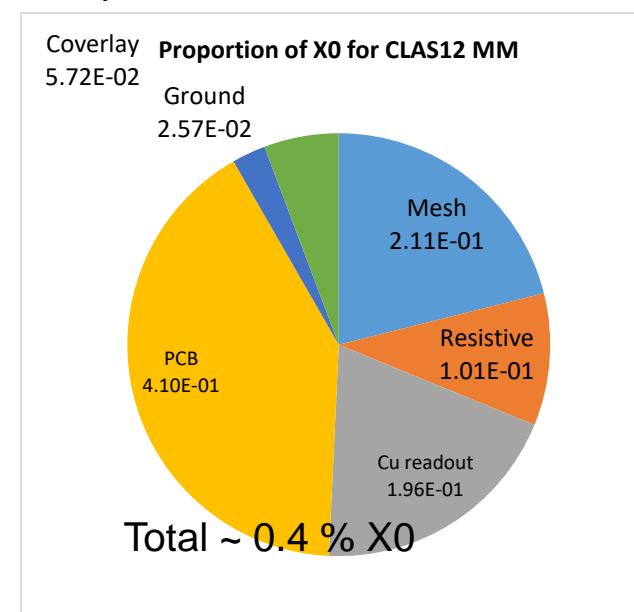
## Ongoing

- Bulk on resistive kapton layer (no FR4): AK (Amplification Kapton)
  - Already tested on 25x25 cm<sup>2</sup>
  - large seize (50x50 cm<sup>2</sup>): Kapton with resistive layer
  - Kapton bulked on mesh, then glued on frame
  - Possibility to press in house Kapton readout under
- **FY22**
  - **Aluminum thin mesh (no Stainless Steel)**
    - Lasea ([www.lasea.eu/en/](http://www.lasea.eu/en/)) laser machine manufacturer with R&D lab.
    - 5 k€ quotation for drilling of sample (Al 5 to 20 μm, Cu, ...) in FY 21
    - **Small 10x10 active area mesh for bulk in FY22**
    - Explore machine for large surface FY23
- **FY23**
  - Aluminum metalized strip on Kapton/mylar for readout (No Cu)
    - Research for company
    - Test of material on KA with R&D on Al-Cu signal connection.



10 μm Al Laser mesh

| Saclay BUDGET DRAFT FY22 – Ultra Low X0     |                 |
|---|-----------------|
| Materials: <b>Purchase of thin Al mesh</b>  | <b>Request</b>  |
|   | \$5 000         |
| <b>Total</b>                                | <b>\$5 000</b>  |
|   |                 |
| Saclay BUDGET DRAFT FY23 – Ultra Low X0     |                 |
| Materials: <b>Mesh and metalised strips</b> | <b>Request</b>  |
|   | \$10 000        |
| <b>Total</b>                                | <b>\$10 000</b> |



# 2D zigzag for $\mu$ Megas @ BNL

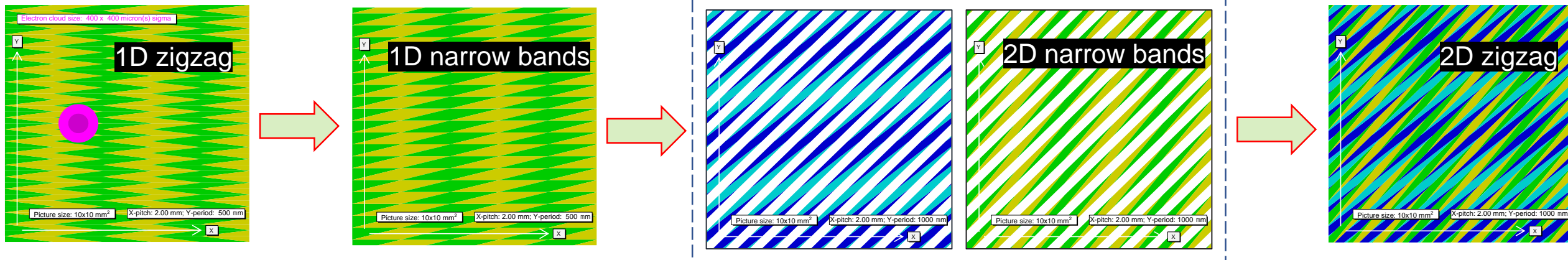
## FY22 activities

- Design a set of kapton-based 2D zigzag charge sharing readout boards matching Saclay prototype mechanics and interconnect
- Perform prototype characterization with X-ray gun at BNL
- Participate in a joint beam test at FNAL in spring 2022

## BNL eRD108 Budget table

| BNL BUDGET DRAFT          | FY22     | FY23    |
|---------------------------|----------|---------|
| Materials (uMegas boards) | \$6,000  |         |
| Technical support         | \$5,000  | \$4,000 |
| Travel (beam test)        | \$7,000  |         |
| TOTAL CORE COSTS          | \$18,000 | \$4,000 |

Low material budget, low channel count, high 2D spatial resolution



The technique must be scalable (kapton chemical etching) and is equally applicable to GEM /  $\mu$ RWELL /  $\mu$ Megas

## ❖ Motivation:

- ❖ eRD6 was generic R&D for development of low mass GEM ( $< 0.5\%$  r.l.)
  - ❖ R&D program was completed & successful with 2 large GEM prototypes built and tested in beam at FNAL (Florida Tech and UVa)
  - ❖ Focus on low mass in active area **but not** on the detector support structures.
- ❖ Simulation ATHENA-Hybrid detector shows the need to minimize the planar MPGD detector frames in end cap regions

## ❖ Objectives &amp; target of the R&amp;D:

- ❖ Investigate materials to minimize thickness and width while maintaining robustness for GEM support frame
- ❖ Develop planar  $\mu$ RWELL detector as alternative to GEMs
- ❖ Build and test prototype in beam test at FNAL

## ❖ Institutions involved in planar MPGDs for EIC Forward Tracker

- ❖ Florida Tech, TU, UVa

## ❖ Budget Request for Forward Tracker

This a combined funding request from FIT, UVa

- ❖ FY2022: **\$24,914**

- ❖ FY2023: **\$62,151**

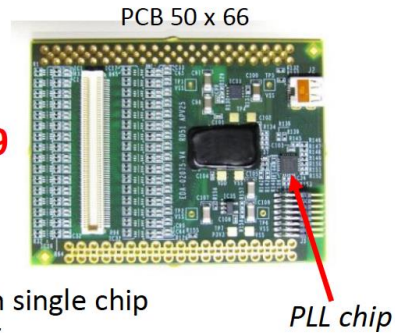
| Institution  | FY22 request     | FY23 request     |
|--------------|------------------|------------------|
| BNL          | \$30,000         | \$15,000         |
| FIT          | \$53,602         | \$53,602         |
| UVa          | \$50,240         | \$47,520         |
| Saclay       | \$21,000         | \$36,000         |
| TU           | \$56,063         | \$92,063         |
| <b>TOTAL</b> | <b>\$210,905</b> | <b>\$244,185</b> |

Backup

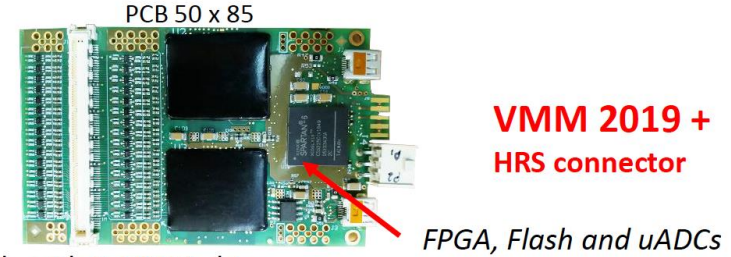


## SRS from APV to VMM3a

**APV 2009-2019**  
Panasonic connector



- **Analogue**
- 128 channels with single chip
- AC coupled 100pF
- Master or Slave
- Embargo list countries
- 1/2 W per hybrid
- Cooling negligible
- No zero suppression
- Ext. Trigger required
- Max trigger rate **O(5kHz / hybrid)**
- timing resolution O( ~5 ns)
- No clustering logic
- fixed preamp gain 65mV/fC
- fixed peaking time 50 ns in peak mode
- Noise ca 2000 e<sup>-</sup> @ C<sub>det</sub> ~ 50 pF  
( 246 e<sup>-</sup> + 36e<sup>-</sup>/pF in peak mode)
- max. detector Capacity C<sub>det</sub> ~ 50 pF
- fixed CSA gain -> dyn. range 50 fC
- linear up 4 MIPs

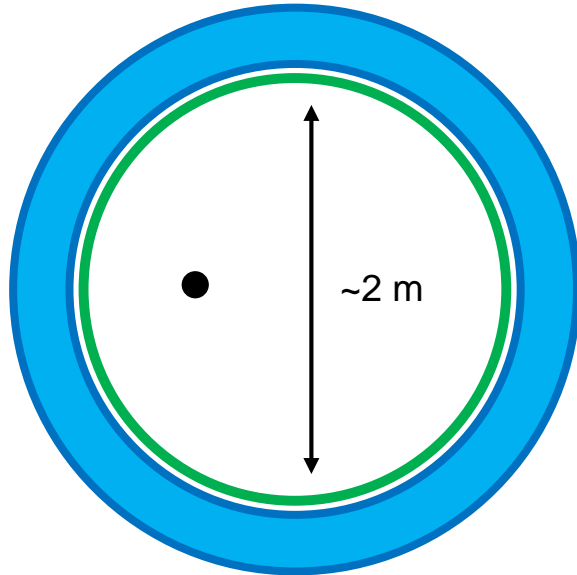


**VMM 2019 +**  
HRS connector

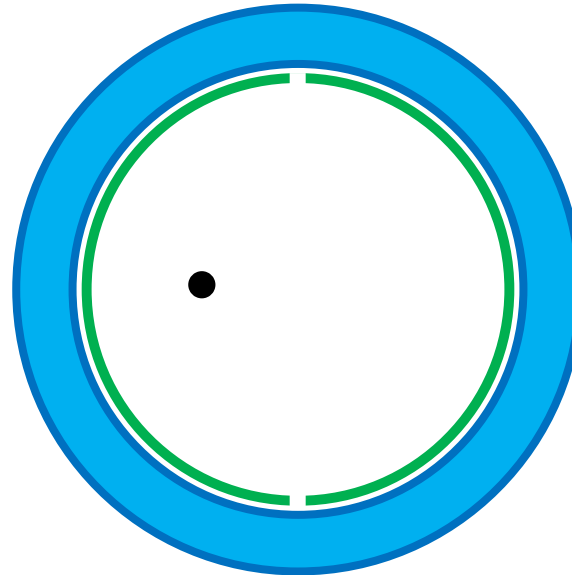
- **Digital**
- 128 channels with 2 VMM chips
- AC coupled 470 pF @ 1M with TVS spark protection
- Master = Slave
- No embargo, BNL licence may apply to non-RD51 teams
- 3.5W per hybrid, 2 supply voltages P2~ 2V(3W), P1 ~3V(0.5W)
- Cooling important ( convection cooler = standard, water pipes optional)
- Self-triggered with Zero suppression
- ART flag + 7 bit 1<sup>st</sup> hit address withing BCID period
- Trigger rates **O(1 MHz /channel)**
- timing resolution O( < 1ns)
- Neighbor detection below threshold for higher space resolution
- 8 different preamp gains 0.5-16mV/fC
- 4 different peaking times 25- 200ns
- channel pulser programmable via 10 bit DAC up 1V
- analogue monitoring: selected channel sheper peak and time  
temperature, baselines etc, SRS hybrid readout via 12bit uADC , I2C
- Noise 500e<sup>-</sup> intrinsic, 1300 e<sup>-</sup> @ C<sub>det</sub> ~ 50pF
- max. detector capacity C<sub>det</sub> ~ 2nF in high capacity mode
- CSA linear dynamic range up 2 pC @ gain 0.5mV/fC



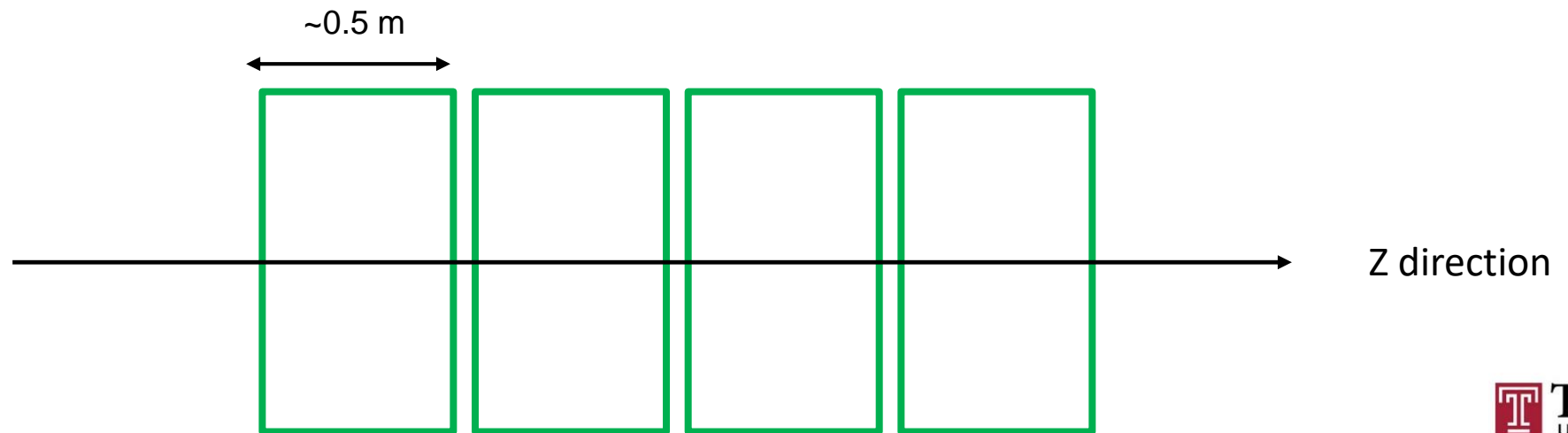
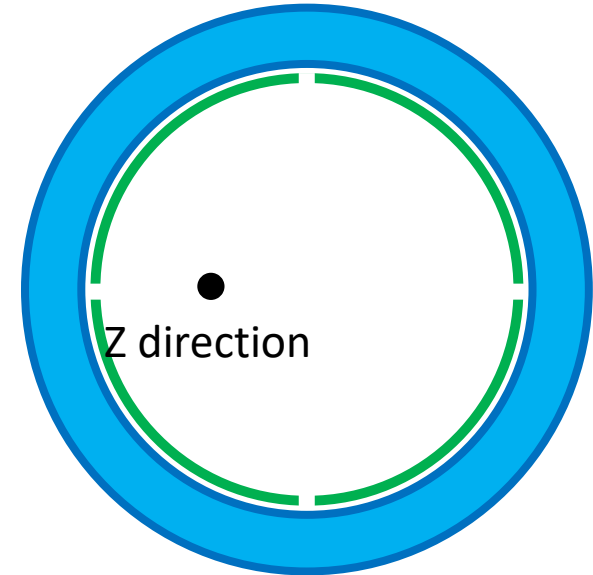
single cylindrical  $\mu$ RWELL



2 halves cylindrical  $\mu$ RWELL

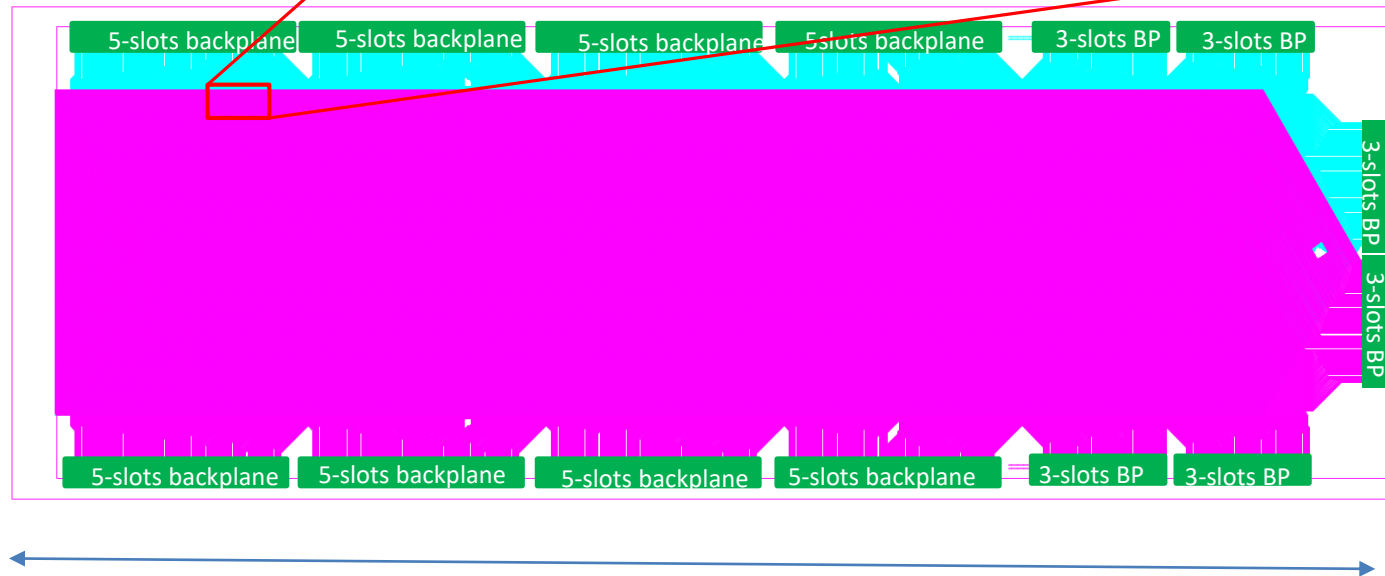
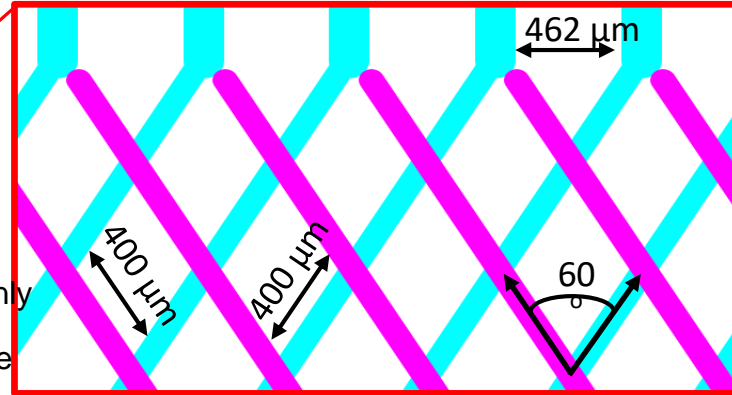


4 quarters curved  $\mu$ RWELL



## U-V Strip readout design:

- ⇒ U and V pitch of **400  $\mu\text{m}$** , Vertical pitch: **462  $\mu\text{m}$**
- ⇒ top (U-) strip: **80:  $\mu\text{m}$**
- ⇒ bottom strips: **350  $\mu\text{m}$**
- ⇒ About 7k e- channels per layer
- ❖ Will rearrange connectors on the detector to have 4-slots only
- ❖ Avoid HDMI 5<sup>th</sup> data lines & reduced number of HDMI cable



150 mm

